## Technische Universität München Institut für Informatik

Winter Term 2017/18 Exercise Sheet 13

Lambda Calculus

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# Exercise 1 (Church Numerals in System F)

Encode the natural numbers in System F with Church numerals. Use the construction for recursive types from the lecture.

### Exercise 2 (Programming in System F)

System F allows us to define functions that go far beyond what was possible in the simply typed  $\lambda$ -calculus. In particular, we can also define some non-primitively recursive functions in System F. As a prominent example, consider the Ackermann function:

$$\label{eq:ack} \begin{array}{l} \operatorname{ack}\ 0\ n=n+1 \\ \\ \operatorname{ack}\ (m+1)\ 0=\operatorname{ack}\ m\ 1 \\ \\ \operatorname{ack}\ (m+1)\ (n+1)=\operatorname{ack}\ m\ (\operatorname{ack}\ (m+1)\ n) \end{array}$$

Define the Ackermann function in System F based on the encoding of natural numbers from the last exercise. Hint: First define a function g such that  $q f n = f^{n+1} 1$ 

## **Exercise 3 (Existential Quantification in System F)**

System F can also be defined with additional existential types of the form  $\exists \alpha. \tau$ . To make use of these types, we add the following constructs to our term language

- pack  $\tau$  with t as  $\tau'$ ,
- open t as  $\tau$  with m in t',

together with the reduction rule:

open (pack 
$$\tau$$
 with  $t$  as  $\exists \alpha. \tau'$ ) as  $\alpha$  with  $m$  in  $t' \to t'[\tau/\alpha][t/m]$ 

- a) Specify the typing rules for  $\exists$ .
- b) Show how ∃ can be used to specify an abstract module of sets that supports the empty set, insertion, and membership testing.
- c) Show how to implement this module with lists.
- d) How do these concepts relate to the SML (or OCaml) concepts of signatures, structures, and functors?

### Homework 4 (Finger Exercises on Typing in System F)

a) Give a type  $\tau$  such that

$$\vdash \lambda m : \mathsf{nat}. \ \lambda n : \mathsf{nat}. \ \lambda \alpha. \ (n \ (\alpha \to \alpha)) \ (m \ \alpha) : \tau$$

is typeable in System F and prove the typing judgement. Recall that

$$\mathsf{nat} = \forall \alpha. (\alpha \to \alpha) \to \alpha \to \alpha$$
.

b) Is there any typeable term t (in System F) such that if we remove all type annotations and type abstractions from t we get  $(\lambda x. x. x)$   $(\lambda x. x. x)$ ?

### Homework 5 (Programming in System F)

Define (in System F) a function zero of type  $nat \rightarrow bool$  that checks whether a given Church numeral is zero. Use the encoding that was introduced in the tutorial.

#### Homework 6 (Disjunction in System F)

Prove  $\vee_{I_1}$  and  $\vee_E$  from

$$A \lor B = \forall C. (A \to C) \to (B \to C) \to C$$

in System F. Use pure logic without lambda-terms.

## Homework 7 (Progress and Preservation)

We have proved the properties of progress and preservation for the simply typed  $\lambda$ -calculus. Extend our previous proofs to show that these properties also hold for System F.